

# Exam Winter Semester 2022

## Student Group

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### Exercise E1 Resistivity and temperature dependent Resistance (written test, approx. 7 % of a 60-minute written test, SS2023)

The cost of the reference product varies from \$1.00 to \$1.50 per kg of active ingredient, as described by the \$B25\$ real firm capex points as a function of the case. At a 100% test, it would be \$B25 + \$15.00\$ for between \$200 and \$600 and \$100\$ for between \$600 and \$1000\$ (in \$m^3\$).

**Solution**  
The resistivity of the dielectric material is  $\rho_{\text{PP}}(20 \sim \text{°C}) = 10^{17} \sim \Omega \cdot \text{m}$ .

for the given material the temperature coefficients in the range of  $0 \pm 20^\circ \text{C}$  and  $55$

$$\begin{aligned} R(55 \sim \text{K}) &= R(20 \sim \text{K}) \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot \Delta T + \beta \cdot \Delta T^2 + \dots) \\ &= 80 \text{ G}\Omega \cdot (1 - 0.048 \sim \text{K}^{-1} \cdot (35 \sim \text{K}) + 0.00057 \sim \text{K}^{-2} \cdot (\Delta T)^2) \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the resistance for the dielectric material for  $20 \sim \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Solution

$$\begin{aligned} R(20 \sim \text{rm } ^\circ\text{C}) &= \rho \cdot \left\{ \frac{d}{A} \right\} \parallel \approx 10^{17} \sim \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_m \cdot \frac{\{0.8 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot \rho_m\}}{1 - \rho_m^2} \quad \text{\texttt{\textbackslash end\{align*\}}}$$

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### Exercise E1 Resistance of a Wire by Resistivity (written test, approx. 6 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)

A heating element made of nichrome wire with a temperature coefficient of  $1.80 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$  is used. Electric power dissipation (= heat flow) of  $P=40 \text{ W}$  is necessary.

Determine the current  $I$  and the operating voltage  $U$  for heating elements.

The Nichrome wire has a resistivity of  $1.10 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m}$ .

The heating element is  $3 \text{ m}$  long and has a diameter of  $3.57 \text{ mm}$ .

Calculate the resistance  $R$  of the heating element.

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} P &= U \cdot I = R \cdot I^2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{40 \text{ W}}{0.33 \text{ } \Omega}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \rho \cdot \frac{L}{A} \quad \text{with } A = r^2 \cdot \pi = \frac{1}{4} d^2 \cdot \pi \\ R &= \rho \cdot \frac{4 \cdot L}{\pi d^2} = 1.10 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m} \cdot \frac{4 \cdot 3 \text{ m}}{\pi (3.57 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m})^2} = 80 \text{ } \Omega \end{aligned}$$

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### Exercise E1 Resistivity and temperature dependent Resistance (written test, approx. 7 % of a 60-minute written test, SS2023)

The resistivity  $\rho$  of a dielectric material is a function of temperature  $T$  described by the Arrhenius equation:  $\rho = \rho_0 \cdot \exp(\frac{E_a}{kT})$ . A best fit would be  $\rho = 10^{17} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m}$  for  $T = 20 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$  and  $\rho = 10^8 \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m}$  for  $T = 55 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ .

The resistivity of the dielectric material is  $\rho(T) = 10^{17} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \text{m} \cdot \exp(\frac{E_a}{kT})$ .

For the given material the temperature coefficients in the range  $20 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$  and  $55 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$  are given as  $\alpha = -0.048 \text{ } \text{K}^{-1}$  and  $\beta = +0.00057 \text{ } \text{K}^{-2}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} R(55 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) &= R(20 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}) \cdot (1 + \alpha \cdot \Delta T + \beta \cdot T^2 + \dots) \\ &= 80 \text{ } \Omega \cdot (1 - 0.048 \text{ } \text{K}^{-1} \cdot (35 \text{ K}) + 0.00057 \text{ } \text{K}^{-2} \cdot (35 \text{ K})^2) \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the resistance for the dielectric material for  $20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

Solution

$$R(20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) = \rho \cdot \frac{d}{A} = 10^{17} \text{ } \Omega \cdot \frac{0.8 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}}{1 \text{ m}^2}$$

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### Exercise E1 Resistance of a Wire by Resistivity (written test, approx. 6 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)

2. The engineering materials used to make the wire have a temperature coefficient of  $180 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$ .  
Result

A minimum power dissipation (= heat flow) of  $P=40 \text{ W}$  is necessary.  
 Calculate the minimum resistance  $R$  of the heating element.  
 The Nichrome wire has a resistivity of  $1.10 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ } \Omega \text{ m}$ .  
 The heating element is  $3 \text{ m}$  long and has a diameter of  $3.57 \text{ mm}$ .  
 1. Calculate the resistance  $R$  of the heating element.

Solution

$$P = U \cdot I = R \cdot I^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}} = \sqrt{\frac{40 \text{ W}}{0.33 \text{ } \Omega}} \quad \text{end{align*}}$$

$$R = \rho \cdot \frac{l}{A} \quad | \quad A = r^2 \cdot \pi = \frac{1}{4} d^2 \cdot \pi \quad R = \rho \cdot \frac{l}{\frac{1}{4} d^2 \cdot \pi} \quad R = 1.10 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ } \Omega \text{ m} \cdot \frac{4 \cdot 3 \text{ m}}{(3.57 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m})^2 \cdot \pi} \quad \text{end{align*}}$$

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